## Centripetal Force Examples

1. A 1000 kg car enters a level curve at $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. If the curve has a radius of 80 m . What centripetal force must be supplied by friction to keep the car from skidding? What is supplying the centripetal force?

2. The same 1000 kg car travels around a frictionless, banked curve having a radius of 80 m . If the banking is $20^{\circ}$ to the horizontal, at what specific speed must the car travel to maintain a constant radius? Compare this to the speed in question 1. If you decreased your speed what would happen to your radius (would you move up or down the incline? If you increased the bank angle what happens to the maximum speed? What speed would be required if the frictionless bank were at $90^{\circ}$ ?

3. A 3.5 kg steel ball is swung at a constant speed in a vertical circle of radius 1.5 m , on the end of a light, rigid steel rod (see figure). Predict where the tension would be the greatest (point A or B). If the ball has a frequency of 1.0 Hz . Calculate the tension in the rod due to the mass at the top (A) and bottom (B) positions. Compare to your prediction.

