

Conservation of Momentum (1-D)

In an **isolated system** (i.e. **no external forces**)

$$\Delta \vec{P}_{total} = \vec{0}$$

$$\vec{P}_{total,i} = \vec{P}_{total,f}$$

Total Momentum Before = Total Momentum After

$$\sum_{k=1}^n m_k \vec{v}_{ki} = \sum_{k=1}^n m_k \vec{v}_{kf}$$

$$m_1 \vec{v}_{1i} + m_2 \vec{v}_{2i} + \dots + m_n \vec{v}_{ni} = m_1 \vec{v}_{1f} + m_2 \vec{v}_{2f} + \dots + m_n \vec{v}_{nf}$$

- For **Elastic Collisions**
(Momentum and Kinetic Energy are conserved)
- For **Inelastic Collisions** (Momentum is conserved, but kinetic energy is not conserved – the energy dissipates into sound, heat, deformation of the objects, etc.)

Example (Inelastic):

Steve ($m_m=57\text{kg}$) runs with a speed of 4 m/s and collides with Lukas ($m_c=100\text{kg}$) who is stationary. If Steve wraps his arms around Lukas during the tackle, what is their final combined speed?