## Periodic Table Basics

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

- This worksheet is to be completed based on your Bohr diagram activity

1. Which elements had complete outer shells? Give the name and symbol for each.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$
2. Which elements had only one valence electron?
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
3. What do you notice about the number of valence electrons as you move from left to right across a row or period in the periodic table? ( $\mathrm{Na} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg} \rightarrow \mathrm{Al} \rightarrow \mathrm{Si} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{S} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cl} \rightarrow \mathrm{Ar}$ )
4. What do you notice about the number of energy levels as you move from top to bottom down a column or group in the periodic table? $(\mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{Li} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}$ )
5. Elements are organized into families according to their physical and chemical properties. Identify the elements that you used in step 3 that belong to each family based on the number of valence electrons. Give the name and symbol for each element.
Alkali Metals (1 valence electron): $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Alkaline Earth Metals (2 valence electrons): $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Boron Family (3 valence electrons): $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Carbon Family (4 valence electrons): $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Nitrogen Family (5 valence electrons): $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Oxygen Family (6 valence electrons): $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Halides (7 valence electrons): $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Noble Gases (Complete Outermost Shelss): $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ \&
6. How would you classify Hydrogen? Why?
7. Predict the number of valence electrons for each element based on its location in the Periodic Table of Elements. Look at your periodic table.
$\qquad$
Barium = $\qquad$ Xenon = $\qquad$ Potassium = $\qquad$
